

SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 35.

SANTA FE, N. M., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1898.

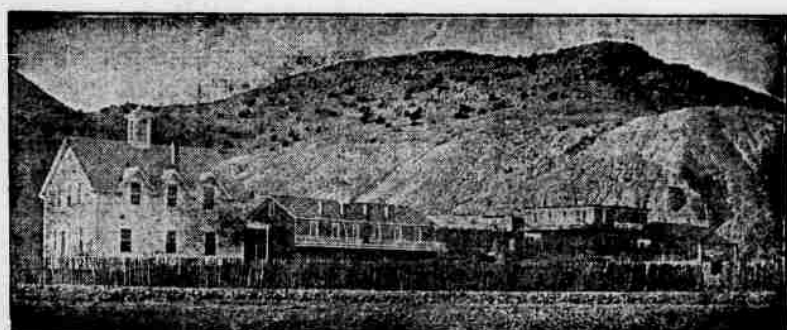
NO. 238.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

The new goods purchased by S. Spitz, the jeweler, while east, are now being placed for public inspection. They consist of a fine line of decorated china and glassware. New ideas in silver novelties, ebony and leather goods and fancy clocks. These goods in connection with the usual large line of diamonds watches and jewelry always found in his cases will give the Santa Fe public an opportunity for selection seldom found outside of the large cities.

OJO CALIENTE

(HOT SPRINGS.)



THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from Barranca Station on the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages runs to the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 95° to 125°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 168.24 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon; being the richest alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the numerous cures attested to in the following diseases:—Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis and Mercurial Affections, Scrofula, Catarrh, La Grippe, all Female Complaints, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:35 a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 5 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, \$7. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,
Ojo Caliente, Taos County New Mexico

New Mexico Normal School LAS VEGAS.

"THE HEART OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM."

- 1.—**NORMAL**.—A professional training course for teachers. Diploma life certificate to teach in any of the public schools of New Mexico.
- 2.—**ACADEMIC**.—A broad general course. Diploma admits to all leading colleges and universities.
- 3.—**COMMERCIAL**.—A thorough training course for business life, actual business, stenography, penmanship, commercial law, &c.
- 4.—**PREPARATORY**.—A thorough course in the commercial branches for those who have not had the benefit of graded school advantages.
- 5.—**MODEL SCHOOLS**.—An auxiliary to the normal course. A school for children of all grades.

A faculty of specialists from the leading normal schools, colleges and universities of America.

ADDRESS ALL INQUIRIES TO
EDGAR L. HEWETT, Pres.

THE NEW MEXICO MILITARY INSTITUTE

Roswell, New Mexico.

THE MILITARY SCHOOL OF NEW MEXICO ESTABLISHED AND SUPPORTED BY THE TERRITORY.

Session Begins September, '98. Ends June, '99.

Five Teachers (Men), and Matron. Accommodations for 200 Students. New Buildings, all furnishings and equipments modern and complete; steam-heated, gas-lighted; baths, water-works, all conveniences.

Tuition, board, and laundry, \$250 per session. Tuition alone \$60 per session.

Session is three terms, thirteen weeks each. Roswell is a noted health resort, 3,700 feet above sea level; well-watered; excellent people.

REGENTS—
John W. Poe, Roswell, R. S. Hamilton, Roswell,
Nathan Jaffa, Roswell, J. C. Lea, Roswell,
J. O. Cameron, Eddy.

For particulars address:
JAS. G. MEADORS, Superintendent

DAVID S. LOWITZKI, DEALER IN

FURNITURE & QUEENSWARE,

Largest Stock in the City.

MY HOLIDAY FURNITURE JUST RECEIVED.

First Furniture Store You Come to on Frisco Street. It is a Pleasure to Show Goods. Give me a Call.

Prices Never Before Equalled in Santa Fe.

I will furnish your house from the parlor to the kitchen on easy payments. Highest price paid for second hand goods. I also carry a full line of picture frames and moldings.

CONGRESSIONAL

Senate Committee on Foreign Relations Reports Favorably Bill for Government of Hawaii.

ALBUQUERQUE POSTMASTER

Bailey, of Texas, After Members of the House Who Accepted Army Commissions—He Would Like Their Seats Vacated.

Washington, Dec. 21.—In the senate today Senator Cullom, of Illinois, reported favorably from the committee on foreign relations, the bill to provide a government for the Hawaiian Islands. On behalf of Senator Carter, of Montana, who was absent, Senator Chandler offered a resolution which was referred to the committee on rules providing for distribution of appropriation bills among the several standing committees of the senate, and so amending existing rules as to make such distribution possible.

The following nominations were sent into the senate: Richard L. Bert, of Colorado, to be consul at Ghent, Belgium; Justo Armijo to be postmaster at Albuquerque.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama, secured adoption of a resolution requesting the president, if it be not incompatible with public interests, to inform the senate whether authentic information of this government as to the dissolution of the Central American republic had been received. Nine private bills were passed. Several resolutions were adopted, directing the secretary of war to have surveys and estimates of cost made of various rivers and harbor improvements. Senator Daniel, of Virginia, called from the calendar the resolution of Senator Proctor, of Vermont, providing for a committee of senators to visit Cuba and Puerto Rico, to ascertain the conditions of those islands and reporting their observations to the senate as a guide for its action. A motion to consider the resolution was defeated, and after a short executive session the senate adjourned until January 4.

The senate confirmed the nomination of Ethan A. Hitchcock to be secretary of the interior.

Senator Stewart's bill granting 20,000,000 acres to Nevada for irrigation was amended by the senate committee on irrigation and reported by Senator Warren today. It grants 50,000,000 to each of the arid land states to be used exclusively for irrigation purposes.

IN THE HOUSE.

Mr. Henderson, Republican, of Iowa, from the committee on rules, reported back favorably the Hays resolution, directing the judiciary committee to investigate and report whether members of the house who accepted army commissions during the late war had, by so doing, vacated their seats in the house. He asked an immediate consideration. The resolution was adopted without division. General Wheeler, Democrat, of Alabama; Mr. Robbins, Republican, of Pennsylvania; and Mr. Campbell, Democrat, of Illinois, are members of the house who volunteered for the Spanish-American war. None were present when the investigation was ordered today.

The bill reported from the ways and means committee, authorizing shipment in bond of imported merchandise less than carload lots, was passed. The spirit of Christmas seemed to pervade the members, and a number of small claim bills were passed by unanimous consent. At 1:05 the house adjourned until January 4, 1899.

Fatal Fall From a Window.

Concord, Mass., Dec. 21.—Colonel Edward S. Barrett, national president of the Sons of the American Revolution, was killed by falling from a window here today. He was 60 years old.

Colorado's Latest Scandal.

Denver, Dec. 21.—Governor Adams suspended today Dr. R. P. Thoms as superintendent of the State Insane asylum for 60 days pending investigation of charges against the asylum management. The action was taken at Dr. Thoms' request.

Federation of Labor Resolution.

Kansas City, Dec. 21.—One of the last acts of the 15th annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, was adoption by practically a unanimous vote. It was a resolution introduced by Max Morris of Denver, reaffirming that all former declarations of the A. F. of L. relating to the principle of binationalism "does not in any degree mean abandonment of that principle by the A. F. of L. but means that it is so strongly entrenched in the labor movement that it is not necessary this time to debate the question."

Moonshining Does Not Pay.

Middlesboro, Ky., Dec. 21.—Advices from Knox county say that three moonshiners, Jacob Lambert, Greer and an unknown man were killed, and several of their comrades were wounded in a battle with the revenue officers.

The C. & A. Shuttlecock.

New York, Dec. 21.—The Chicago & Alton railroad has been sold to the Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific and Baltimore & Ohio interests. The first named is said to be in the majority. The sale was made at \$15 on the stock. E. H. Harriman, of the executive committee of the Union Pacific, says negotiations for purchasing the Chicago & Alton are not yet completed, but intimates the deal would likely be closed before long.

Notaries' Records.

The New Mexican Printing company has on sale blank records for the use of notaries public, with the chapter of the Compiled laws governing notaries, printed in the front. Will be delivered at any postoffice or express office on receipt of \$1.25.

DENSE FOG CAUSED COLLISION.

Two Men Killed and a Number of Persons Injured in a Rear End Railway Collision Near Jersey City.

New York, Dec. 21.—The eastern express collided with the Chicago and New York express, both east bound, on the Pennsylvania railroad at Colonia, near Rahway, N. J., today. A colored porter was killed and four or five passengers injured. One boy is missing. Two women passengers on the Chicago express are pinned in the wreck. The accident was due to a dense fog. A later dispatch says the killed are: William C. Dewolf, a clerk in the accountant's office of the Ohio River railroad at Parkersburg, Va.; E. Knight, colored, Jersey City, porter of the sleeping car. The injured are: Mrs. Julia Levy, of Brooklyn, severely, but not fatally; B. F. Mead, of Brooklyn, leg broken; Frank Irish, traveling passenger agent of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad, of Chicago, collar bone broken. J. E. Welsh, of Jersey City, Pullman car conductor, both legs broken.

It Made Him Very Tired.

Los Angeles, Calif., Dec. 21.—The resignation of Andrew J. Smith, governor of the soldiers' home at Santa Monica, has been accepted, to take effect March 31 next. His family prevailed upon him to retire to private life on account of the two attempts made to kill him.

THREATENED ROW IN SAMOA.

A New Two-for-a-Cent King Is to Be Elected, and a Trial War Is Feared in Consequence.

Auckland, N. Z., Dec. 21.—Advices from Samoa, dated December 16, says there is serious trouble in electing a king to succeed the late King Mafeta. The supporters of Mataafa have become warlike, and the German consul is supporting Mataafa in spite of the agreement between the consuls to remain neutral and allow the chief justice to decide upon the succession. Foreign residents fear there will be an outbreak of the tribal war when the chief justice pronounces his decision, and are anxious for naval protection.

Their Concession Extended.

New York, Dec. 21.—A dispatch to the Herald from Panama says: The governor has received from Senator Seublett, in Bogota, a dispatch giving assurances that Colombia will grant an extension of six years to the Panama Canal Company, wherein to build the canal.

A Bank Wrecker Wrecked.

Boston, Dec. 21.—The jury in the case of W. S. Jewell, formerly president of the Lake National Bank of Wolfboro, N. H., charged with embezzlement of \$25,000, brought in a verdict of guilty today.

MARKET REPORT.

New York, Dec. 21.—Money on call nominally 2 1/4 @ 2 1/2 percent. Prime mercantile paper, 3 @ 3 1/2. Silver, 59 1/2; lead, \$3.55.

Chicago.—Wheat, Dec., 66 1/2; May, 68 1/2. Corn, Dec., 35 1/2; May, 36 1/2. Oats, Dec., 26; May, 27.

Chicago.—Cattle, receipts, 9,000; strong to shade higher; beefs, \$3.90 @ \$6.00; cows and heifers, \$2.00 @ \$4.75; Texas steers, \$3.30 @ \$4.45; stockers and feeders, \$2.80 @ \$4.30. Sheep, 10,000; steady; natives, \$2.20 @ \$4.25; westerns, \$3.00 @ \$4.15; lambs, \$3.75 @ \$5.40.

Kansas City.—Cattle, receipts, 4,500; steady to strong; native steers, \$2.50 @ \$5.20; Texas steers, \$3.00 @ \$4.90; Texas cows, \$2.35 @ \$3.25; native cows and heifers, \$1.00 @ \$4.50; stockers and feeders, \$1.25 @ \$4.50; bulls, \$2.50 @ \$3.50. Sheep, 1,000; firm; lambs, \$3.75 @ \$5.45; muttons, \$3.00 @ \$4.50.

STANDARD OIL IN A HOLE.

Its Officials Charged with Destroying It Books to Prevent Their Production in Court.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 21.—Sensational developments in the Standard Oil investigation came to light today, when Attorney General Monnett began taking depositions to prove the company's just previous to the issue of the supreme court writ that the company's books be produced in court, destroyed many of its books. Monnett expects to prove that the Standard officials destroyed the books three or four nights before the supreme court ordered P. B. Squires, secretary of the company, to produce the books in evidence.

Hobson Enjoys Himself in Denver.

Denver, Dec. 21.—Lieutenant Hobson arrived in Denver this morning and is the guest of the Sons of the Revolution. He was enthusiastically received wherever he went. At the East Denver high school and at the Manual Training school he made happy speeches. A luncheon was given in his honor at the Brown-Palace hotel at 1 p. m., and at from 3 to 4 p. m. a reception was held. At 5 he lectures for the benefit of the Soldiers' Aid Society and at 6:45 resumes his journey west over the Union Pacific.

Code of Civil Procedure.

Every practicing attorney in the territory should have a copy of the New Mexico Code of Civil Procedure, bound in separate form with alternate blank pages for annotations. The New Mexican Printing company has such an edition on sale at the following prices: Leatherette binding, \$1.25; full law sheep, \$2; flexible morocco, \$2.50.

Bankruptcy Law War Revenue Law

Copies of the two laws, published in separate pamphlets, with marginal and foot notes and exceptionally complete index, for sale. The New Mexican Printing company, 50 cents; revenue law, 25 cents.

GEN. MILES TESTIFIES

He Tells of the Utter Confusion in Getting Army Supplies Into Tampa.

GOOD WEATHER A GODSEND

Miles Roasts Quartermaster's and Commissary Departments, and Calls the Refrigerator Beef, "Emballment Beef"—Miles Also Testifies.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Lieutenant Colonel Miles, General Shafter's chief of staff, testified before the war investigating commission today concerning the Santiago campaign, largely following the lines of Shafter's testimony. He said that while the expeditionary fleet was lying at Tampa, prior to the start, the troops were given every facility for bathing and shore privileges. He told of the position of the lines of the two armies before Santiago, said the Spanish lines were so conspicuous that there was no necessity for any reconnaissance in force to determine them. There was no doubt there were Spanish sharpshooters between the Spanish and American lines, but he was unable to find a single instance of the Spanish sharpshooters firing on our hospitals in the rear or on our flanks. He spoke of the two mile range of Spanish rifles, and in describing the American position on San Juan hill said it would have been far more dangerous for the men to have been half a mile in the rear than to remain where they did.

General Miles took the stand next. He opened by describing the railroad confusion in getting war munitions to Tampa, pointing to the lack of government store house facilities there. The cars one time were held back as far as Columbia, S. C. "It was most fortunate the transports had good weather. If they had encountered a severe storm, the loss of life must have been fearful."

The commissary stores were sufficient, but the medical supplies inadequate. He read a dispatch from General Shafter, August 4, which referred to the chronic scarcity of medicines, and saying that four men had just died from lack of medicines. His army in Puerto Rico had been supplied in a way with quartermaster and commissary stores, but not in the best way. He had asked that fixed rations be sent, but instead, they were sent down in bulk without invoices or bills of lading, and in many instances the stores spoiled in the holds of vessels and had to be thrown away. General Miles characterized the refrigerator beef, of which there was 227 tons, as "embalment beef." He said the canned fresh beef, of which 198,000 pounds had been shipped there, was condemned by the officers whose commands used it. "Who fixed that beef as army rations?" "You better ask the secretary of war or the commissary general. It was sent as food. If they had sent paymasters as I asked, we could have bought food, but they did not do that." General Miles suggested that the food was sent to his large army under the pretense of experiment.

New Secretary of Interior.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The president today has nominated Ethan A. Hitchcock, of Missouri, to be secretary of the interior.

Ethan Allen Hitchcock, appointed today secretary of the interior, was a former wealthy lawyer of St. Louis. At present he is in Russia as United States ambassador. He is a personal friend of the president.

Merritt in Washington.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Major General Wesley Merritt arrived at Washington today and called at the War department and White house. He will appear before the war investigating commission and take charge of the department of the east, relieving General Shafter. His reception, wherever he went, was a mild ovation.

TO BE RELIEVED OF UNJUST BURDENS

Proclamation of Reassurance to the Philippines—Fifty Thousand Volunteers to Be Mustered Out.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The cabinet today discussed the instructions to be sent General Otis, at Manila, which will be promulgated there as a proclamation by the president. The instructions are similar to those sent our officers at Santiago when that city was occupied by United States troops. They assure the Philippines it is the purpose of this government to relieve in all possible ways any unjust burdens they have borne. The secretary of war was instructed to arrange for the immediate mustering out of 50,000 volunteers. Several volunteer regiments in the Philippines will undoubtedly be included.

MAGAZINE AND LAW BOOK BINDING

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

New Mexican

Printing Company,
Santa Fe - - - N. M.
Send for Styles and Prices.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

FOR SALE BY H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

GREAT ENTERPRISE

Silver City's Reduction Works One of the Greatest Smelting Plants in the West.

TO HANDLE 200 TONS DAILY

The Works Cover Five and One-Half Acres of Ground, and Are Equipped with All the Latest and Most Improved Machinery.

Special correspondence New Mexican.

Silver City, Dec. 18.—According to the statement of the leading financiers and business men of Silver City, the mainstay and backbone of the city and tributary mining districts is the smelter operated by the Silver City Reduction Company.

The plant occupies five acres of ground located about one-half mile from the business center of the city. At present the enterprising operators are effecting numerous improvements in the structure, which will tend to place it in thorough condition to handle the character of business available and will give maximum efficiency in a minimum of space.

The capacity of the smelter is now 100 tons of ore per day, but this will be increased to 200 tons so soon as the new furnaces and stack are in place. The main smoke stack is nearly completed and will occupy 125 feet elevation, measuring 12 1/2 feet at the base. The new dust chambers will connect the stack with the furnaces. The two old furnaces handle 70 tons of ore each per day and the new one will add another 70 tons to the capacity.

A considerable amount of raw concentrates are now handled by the concern. In fact, concentrates seem to comprise about one-fourth of the ore treated. A Chisholm brick-making machine is kept continually operating, pressing the small concentrates into bricks. This machine also bricks the flue dust.

Power is generated in two 60 and one 150 horse power boilers and transmitted by a 150 horse power engine of huge proportions, which cost about \$10,000 in place.

Two blowers are already in use and a new Root's will be added to the equipment.

Two roasters, one revolving and one reverberatory, do the necessary work in segregating and freeing the ore of sulphur and arsenic. The arrangement of the receiving bins is handy and complete. From the railway above the ore is dumped into the bins, which are on a level with the feed floor, and then shoveled into small cars and wheeled away for treatment, thus obviating the necessity of handling ore as often as in the majority of smelters. A system of double trackage is used around the bins. Coke is unloaded in the same manner and is readily available. The ore bins have a capacity of 6,000 tons.

The sampling room is equipped with a Gates' crusher and Cornish rolls and grinders. Every miner is familiar with sampling and it is not necessary to go into details. The system in use here is as fair and complete as elsewhere.

Gold, silver and copper ores are now being handled exclusively, but lead ores will also be treated as soon as the new improvements are completed. An excellent water system furnishes that essential commodity.

For economical treatment and general efficiency, the smelter compares favorably with the best Colorado plants, and the management of the concern could be in no better hands. It is a mystery how such a splendid plant can secure sufficient ore for constant operations and one is readily impressed with the belief that the Hearst interests must mean business on a large scale, for the custom trade can not possibly, for several years, hope to support the institution.

The Hearst operations show scientific and business-like methods in all their mining and milling ventures. The Silver City Reduction Company is owned and operated by the estate of the late Senator George Hearst, of California, and the destiny of the concern is looked after by the following gentlemen: J. B. Risque, president; S. E. Brotherton, manager; and L. H. Bartlett, secretary.

Relative to the custom and growing importance of the institution, President Risque said to the New Mexican representative: "The Davidson mill at Pinos Altos is furnishing 60 tons of concentrates per month and other mills are looking after the following gentlemen: J. B. Risque, president; S. E. Brotherton, manager; and L. H. Bartlett, secretary. The Hearst interests at Pinos Altos are continuing development under the management of B. B. Thayer. Four shafts are being sunk night and day and levels are being run on all four at 600 feet depth. After the first of the year these properties will give us from 100 to 150 tons of ore per day. We get about 300 tons of ore per month from the Santa Rita Copper & Iron Company's leases and subleases and some ore from the Hlanover district, although the greater portion of the production there is iron, and that goes to Pueblo, Colo., and El Paso, Tex. Prescott and other Arizona localities also furnish us with considerable ore. We recently closed a contract which will give us from 100 to 150 tons of ore per week from Chihuahua, Mexico. If we could get a proper freight rate, no doubt exists but what we could extend the business beyond all present anticipations, and ultimately operate one of the largest smelting plants in the country."

Just received at Fischer's a complete line of Eastman's kodaks and supplies. Call and see them.

GOVERNOR OTERO IN WASHINGTON.

Purposes of His Visit to the National Capital—In Company with Delegate-elect Perea Will Appear Before Committee on Territories.

A special dispatch from Washington to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, under date of December 18, says:

Governor Otero, of New Mexico, arrived tonight. He is here to urge congress to appropriate \$20,000 for fees for registers and receivers of land offices to enable the territory to take up land donated by congress under the Ferguson law by the last congress to the schools of the territory. Three million acres are involved.

The governor and Delegate-elect Pedro Perea, who is also here, will be heard before the territories committee this week in favor of the Elkins statehood bill.

OFFICE FITTINGS.
Filing cabinets of every description, document boxes and files, pigeon hole cases, legal blank cases, office ticklers and every conceivable kind of office fittings and furniture can be had of the New Mexican Printing company. Write for descriptive, illustrated pamphlets.

MISS A. MUGLER EVERYTHING FIRST CLASS.
MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

Southeast Corner of Plaza.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Outstanding Assurance December 31, 1897.....	\$951,165,837.00
New Assurance written in 1897.....	156,955,693.00
Proposals for Assurance Examined and Declined.....	24,491,973.00
Income.....	48,572,269.53
Assets, December 31, 1897.....	236,876,308.04
Reserve on all existing Policies (4 per cent standard) and all other liabilities.....	186,333,133.90
Surplus, 4 per cent standard.....	50,543,174.94
Paid Policy Holders in 1897.....	21,106,314.14

LARGEST STRONGEST BEST Most Insurance in Force. Largest Surplus. Pays Death Claims Promptly.

Pays Larger Dividends (\$1,000,000 more during last five years.) Issues Better Policies.

WALTER N. PARKHURST, General Manager,
New Mexico and Arizona Department,
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

Resident Agents—
S. E. LANKARD,
GEO. W. KNAEBEL, SANTA FE.